

# Year 6 Geography

## Term: Spring

## Key Question: Why is Fair Trade fair?



Timeline		
130 B.C- 1439 A.D	The Silk Road is a major centre for	
1439 A.D	international trade, travel and residence	
1271	Marco Polo took the journey to the Silk	
4-4-	Road (he spent 24 years there).	
1510	The start of the systematic	
	transportation of slaves to the New World.	
1846	Britain decides to adopt a policy of free	
	trade(it made it easier to import and	
	export)	
1830-	Trade flowed between countries.	
1870	Inventions such as the steamship and	
	the telegraph changed the way trade	
	happened.	
1890-	The British Empire was at its peak for	
1914	trading.	
1913-	International trade hugely decreased	
1945	due to World War I and II.	
1992	Fairtrade Foundation established.	
1994	First Fairtrade products in shops.	
2000	First Fairtrade bananas in the UK are	
	launched.	
2009	Cadbury goes Fairtrade in the UK	
Present	Global Fairtrade sales have soared over	
day	the past decade due to product selling	
-	and countries getting involved.	

Key Facts		
For thousands of years people around the world have traded goods between countries, which is called International trade.		
Silk Road was an ancient network of trade routes across Asia. The European explorer, Marco Polo travelled along these routes in the 13 <sup>th</sup> century.		
Fair trade is the trade between companies in developed countries and producers indeveloping countries in which fair prices are paid		
The Fairtrade foundation makes sure that all their products come from farms and factories with fair working conditions.		
Many products, including coffee, sugar, tea, cotton, wine, bananas, and handicrafts, are traded this way and are labelled to show they are fair trade.		

Vocabulary Dozen		
Consumers	A person who buys and uses up goods	
Economic	Relating to trade, industry, and money of a country.	
Exports	Items that are made in a country and sold to people in other countries.	
Fairtrade	A way of buying and selling products that makes certain that the people who produce the goods receive a fair price and fair condition.	
Globalization	The increase of trade around the world, especially by large companies producing and trading goods in many different countries.	
Infrastructure	The services, such as transport and power supplies, that a country or organisation uses in order to work effectively.	
Import	A product brought in from another country.	
International Trade	The exchange of capital, goods, and services across international borders.	
Raw Materials	The basic material from which a product is made.	
Product	A substance that is manufactured or refined for sale.	
Trade	The action of buying and selling goods and services	
Translational corporation (TNC)	A large company that does business in several countries. Many TNCs are much richer than entire countries in the less developed world.	

### **Home Geographer**

- Have a look at the Fairtrade website for more information about the History of this foundationhttps://www.fairtrade.org.uk/What-is-Fairtrade/The-impact-of-our-work/The-History-of-Fairtrade
- Watch this video that looks at the bananas and why it is important to fairly trade products like this <a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/newsround/26364580">https://www.bbc.co.uk/newsround/26364580</a>



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#### **Key Quotes**

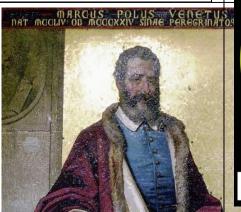
'When you buy Fairtrade products you can guarantee that the farmers who have worked hard to grow them get a minimum price. Fairtrade is a way of giving regular support'- Emma Thompson

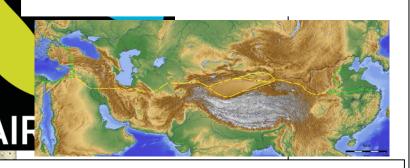
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'Fairtrade is about better prices, decent working conditions, local sustainability, and fair terms of trade for farmers and workers in the developing world'-Fairtrade Foundation

The label Fair-Trade

Marco Polo, the most famous traveller along the Silk Road (the picture below shows the route), was an Italian merchant and explorer. He who was born and brought up in Venice. In 1271-at the age of 17-he set out with his father and uncle along the Silk Road on an epic journey to China, returning 24 years later with many riches and treasures.





Examples of the products, which are traded through Fair Trade.







